



KEY SUBJECT VOCABULARY		Influential People Y6	RECOMMENDED BOOKS
<b>SCIENCE – Living Things and Their Habitats</b>		<b>IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)</b>	
<b>mammal</b>	An animal that breathes air, has a backbone, and grows hair at some point during its life.	Mammals give birth to live young and birds lay eggs.	
<b>amphibian</b>	Can live both on land and in water.	The environment can affect the life cycle of a living thing	
<b>metamorphosis</b>	A dramatic change that some animals and insects go through during their life cycles.	Insects and amphibians go through a transformation process called metamorphosis.	
<b>reproduction</b>	Producing offspring.	There are male (stamen) and female (carpel) parts of a plant.	
<b>insect</b>	Small animal with 6 legs and no backbone (invertebrate).	A natural scientist observes natural behaviour of plants and animals without experimentation.	
<b>RE – What happens when we die?</b>		<b>IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)</b>	<b>Topic Launch Morning</b>
<b>Commemorated</b>	Recall and show respect for something.	Being 'bereaved' means losing a close friend, family member or loved one when they die. People experience great sadness when they suffer a bereavement.	<b>Thursday 18<sup>th</sup> April:</b> A Day in the life of a Victorian child! 
<b>Cessation</b>	A final ceasing.	Muslims believe that one day, on a day of Allah's choosing, people who have died will be raised from the dead and judged but until this day will remain in their graves.	
<b>Obituaries</b>	A notice of a death, especially in a newspaper.	Sikhs believe in reincarnation., they hope to free themselves from the cycle of rebirth and achieve 'mukti', Sikhs, can then achieve mukti and enter paradise.	
<b>Epitaph</b>	A phrase or form of words written in memory of a person who has died.	There are lots of names for people who are not religious. Some people call themselves atheists or humanists. Others may say they are 'agnostic'.	
<b>Cenotaph</b>	A war memorial in London.	A ceremony is held on Remembrance Day. Wreaths of poppies are placed at the monument by retired war veterans, politicians, world leaders and royalty.	
<b>HISTORY – The Victorians</b>		<b>IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)</b>	<b>THEME DAYS, VISITS, EXPERIENCES:</b>  Theme Days/Weeks •Refugee Week •Walk to School day •Sports week •Armed Forces day •Strawberry Fair
<b>Workhouse</b>	A building where poor people in Britain used to work in exchange for food & shelter.	The period of Queen Victoria's Rein (the Victorian era) was 1837 – 1901.	
<b>Social rules</b>	Rules expected to be followed by a particular society or culture.	The work of Dr Barnardo and 1833 Factory Act improved the lives of many children.	
<b>Impact</b>	A strong effect or influence.	Mary Seacole broke social rules and prejudices to become a nurse.	
<b>Locomotive</b>	Pulls most trains & can be powered by an engine that burns diesel fuel or by electricity.	Graham Bell's invention of the telephone influenced the progression of communication across the world.	
<b>Industrial revolution</b>	Shift in societies: products were no longer solely by hand but more by machines and factories.	George Stephenson, who built the first steam locomotive, influenced further developments in travel.	