KEY SUBJECT VOCABULARY SCIENCE – Animals including humans		Influential People Y3 IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)	RECOMMENDED BOOKS
oesophagus	A tube-like system that connects the mouth to the stomach.	Humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection, and movement.	
skeleton	Bones of the body that form a framework or structure.	The oesophagus, the stomach, the large and small intestine are important in digestion.	Linearcoly PETER BALLEY Research
muscles	Made up of long threads and fibres. Attached to the bones of the skeleton	Humans have different types of teeth: incisors, canines, premolars and molars.	
digestion	Breaks down the food we eat into tiny parts to give us fuel and the nutrients we need to live.	In the food chain, the producers come first.	
RE – What is the Bible?		IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)	Topic Launch
scripture	A sacred religious text.	Stories and songs from the Bible help demonstrate God's love, wisdom, power, and personality.	Greece
disciple	A dedicated follower of Jesus.	The Old Testament was originally written in Hebrew & the New Testament in Greek.	
parable	A simple story told to teach a lesson or highlight a moral.	The Bible has been translated into over 500 languages and over 5 billion copies have been sold making it the bestselling non-fiction book ever.	experience morning THEME DAYS, VISITS, EXPERIENCES:
sacred	Holy and deserving respect, because of a connection with a God	The Bible isn't written in chronological order. It's grouped by categories such as the law, the prophets and poetry.	Theme Days/Weeks
revelation	A surprising/ interesting fact which is made known to people.	Christians believe that Jesus is God's son and that he came back to life and that this is celebrated on Easter Day	•Refugee Week •Walk to School day •Sports week
HISTORY – Ancient Greece		IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)	 Armed Forces day Strawberry Fair
Greek Empire	Any individual or all successor states of the Diadochi.	Hippocrates influenced our society's knowledge of illnesses and medicine.	
Parthenon	Temple that dominates the Acropolis at Athens.	Archimedes was an inventor who has influenced our knowledge of maths and science.	
Olympics	Athletic contests held in a different country once every four years	1500 years after the Ancient Greeks introduced the Olympic Games, they are now used as a celebration of sport around the world.	
Persians	A native of ancient or modern Persia.	Our writing originates from the Greek alphabet. (Myths)	
democracy	A form of government.	Democracy, which began in Ancient Greece, is part of our British culture today.	