
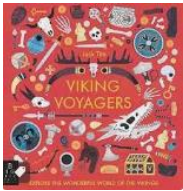


KEY SUBJECT VOCABULARY		JOURNEYS Y4		RECOMMENDED BOOKS
GEOGRAPHY - NORWAY		IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)		 
Hemisphere	The Earth is divided in half by the equator: each half is called a hemisphere (northern and southern).	Norway is a country in the northern hemisphere in the continent of Europe.		
Fjords	A long, narrow, deep inlet of the sea between high cliffs.	Sweden, Finland and Russia are bordering countries and North Sea and Norwegian Sea.		
Scandinavia	Most commonly refers to Denmark, Norway and Sweden.	Norway is a mountainous country with fjords between them.		
Climate	Long-term pattern of weather in a particular area.	Oslo is the capital of Norway.		
Coastal	Things that are in the sea or on the land near a coast.	The climate in Norway differs depending on its location (inland and coastal)		
SCIENCE - LIVING THINGS AND THEIR HABITATS		IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)		Topic Launch Norway Launch - 11 th January. Artwork based around the Northern Lights and learning some Norwegian phrases. Theme Days: 27.1.24 - National Storytelling Week. 5.2.24 - Safety Week. 19.2.24 - 19.3.24 - Month of Reading Madness. 7.3.24 - World Book Day 8.3.24 - Science Week. 18.3.24 - Art Week. 4.3.24 - Holy Week
Habitat	The home of an animal or plant.	Vertebrates are animals with a backbone such as birds, mammals and fish.		
Vertebrate	An animal with a backbone.	Invertebrates are animals without a backbone such as mollusks, arachnids and insects.		
Invertebrate	An animal without a backbone.	Animals can be grouped into classification groups according to their characteristics, for example- wings, antennae, number of legs, exoskeleton, body segments, feathers, fur, lays eggs, gives birth to live young.		
Classification	Arranging animals and plants into groups.	A habitat must provide the right amount of shelter, sunlight and food in order for an animal or plant to survive.		
Exoskeleton	A rigid body covering or shell that covers some invertebrates.	Changes in the natural environment can impact on habitats, plants and animals, leading to issues such as deforestation, population change in species and even extinction.		
RE - Hindu Worship at Home and in the Mandir		IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)		
Hinduism	A major religious and cultural tradition of South Asia.	The aum symbol represents sound.		
mandir	A Hindu temple.	Brahman is the one true god of Hinduism.		
Beliefs	Trust, faith, or confidence in someone or something	Ganesha is the name of the god who has an elephant head.		
Shrine	A place regarded as holy because of its associations with a divinity.	Hindus use a bell to tell the Gods that they are ready to worship.		
Puja	The act of worship.	Hindus normally take off their shoes before entering the mandir.		