

KEY SUBJECT VOCABULARY

Journeys Y5

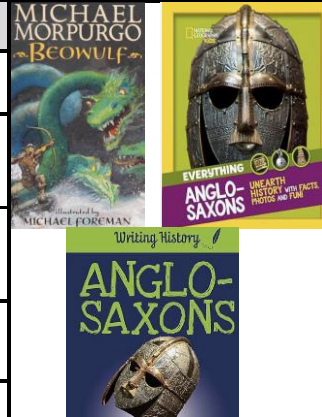
RECOMMENDED BOOKS

SCIENCE - MATERIALS

IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)

conductivity	Measure of the ease at which an electric charge or heat can pass through a metal.
solubility	How well a substance dissolves to make a solution.
evaporate	Process whereby a liquid turns into a gas.
state	One of the distinct forms in which matter can exist (liquid, solid or gas)
properties	Characteristics to help use differentiate one material from another.

I know that different materials are used for specific jobs based on their properties, such as electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, flexibility, hardness, insulators, solubility and transparency
I know that solids, liquids and gases are different states identified by their particle construction. Solid particles are very close together, liquid particles are more loosely packed and gas particles are further apart than solid and liquid particles.
I know that some materials can change state: some solids can melt to form a liquid; some liquids can freeze to form a solid; some gases can condense to form a liquid; and some liquid can evaporate to form a gas.
I know that reversible changes such as mixing and dissolving solids and liquids together can be reversed by sieving, filtering and evaporation.
I know that irreversible changes often result in a new product being made from the original materials (reactants). For example, burning wood produces ash.



HISTORY - ANGLO SAXONS

IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)

Angles	One of the tribes that made up the Anglo-Saxons.
Saxons	One of the tribes that made up the Anglo-Saxons.
Jutes	One of the tribes that made up the Anglo-Saxons.
settlement	Places where people live and sometimes work.
source	Something that provides information about a historical period.

Anglo-Saxons settled in Britain from AD 449 to AD 1066.
Anglo-Saxons invaded Britain from modern day Germany, Holland and Denmark because of our fertile lands.
Anglo Saxons invaded Britain after the Romans and before the Vikings
King Alfred the Great was a key leader of the Anglo Saxons from 886-899 AD.
Anglo-Saxons lived in small villages in small houses made from wood with thatched roofs.

Topic Launch
Anglo- Saxon Re-enactment

Theme Days:
National Storytelling week
27.1.24.- 4.2.24
Safety Week. 5.2.24
Month of Reading Madness
19.2.24 - 19.3.24
World Book Day
7.3.24
Science week
8.3.24 (10 days)
Holy week 04.3.24

RE - SIKH WORSHIP AND THE COMMUNITY

IMPORTANT KNOWLEDGE (Five Finger Facts)

Guru	The word guru means teacher.
Gurdwara	The building where Sikh's worship.
Mukti	When Sikh's believe the religious cycle of birth, life and death is broken.
Sewa	Sewa is service to others.
Khanda	The Sikh symbol that represents the power of God.

Sikhism began in the 15th Century.
The Amrit ceremony welcomes the Sikhs into the Khalsa.
The Sikh holy book is called the Granth Sahib.
The Sikh's place of worship is the Gurdwara.
The first Guru was Guru Nanak.